Wireless Mesh Networks

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Part of this material (including some pictures) features and are freely reproduced from: "Ian F.Akyildiz, Xudong Wang,Weilin Wang, Wireless mesh networks: a survey', Computer Networks 47 (2005), Elsevier"

Thanks also to Gianni Costanzi for checks and providing figures

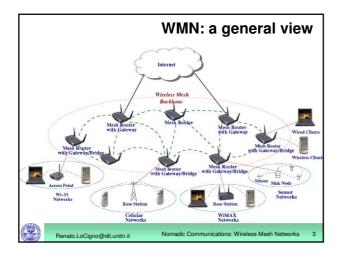
Ad-Hoc and WMN Ad-Hoc network

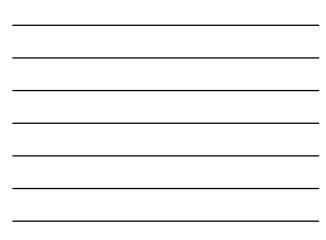
Nomadic Communications: Wireless Mesh Networks

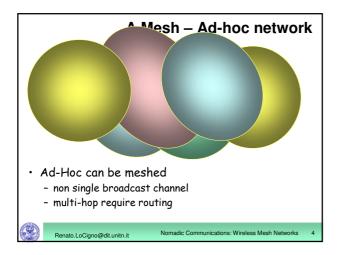
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- non permanent
- general purpose or specific (sensors)
- single or multi-hop, normally mobile
- may require routing (see AODV and OLSR)
- Wireless Mesh Networks (WMN)
 - more structured than Ad-Hoc
 - may be hierarchical
 - semi-permanent, some nodes are fixed
 - requires routing

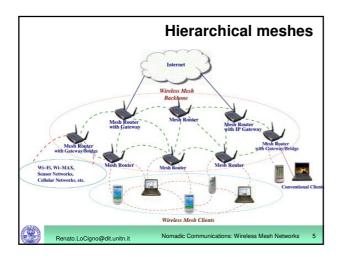
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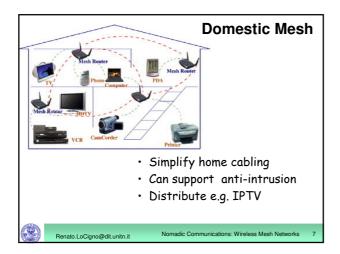


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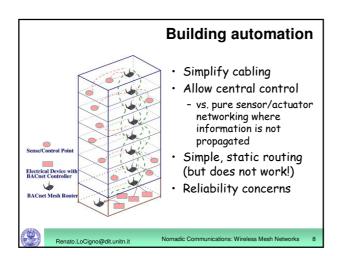
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- Capacity of the backbone
- Routing strategies
 - Gateway selection
 - client level
 - backbone level

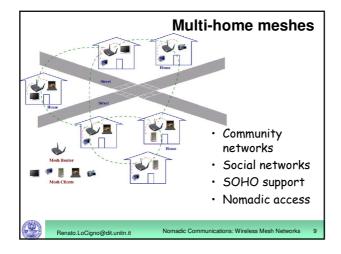
- Backbone of fixed nodes
 - multi-km links -> easy and cheap coverage
 - replace wireless "closed" backbones
 - Nomadic access vs. static access



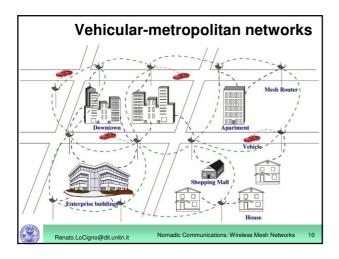










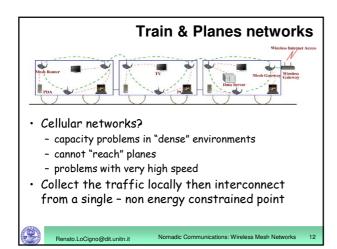




Vehicular-metropolitan networks

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- Mainly infrastructure-to-vehicle - cooperative driving is a different (though related)
- cooperative driving is a different (though related) story
 Traffic control & congestion management
- A22 is "selling" as the "future" 73 messaging panels on close to 300 km ...
- Turism, advertisement, local information
- Nomadic communication with pedestrians too
- In U.S. some commercial experiments are already available



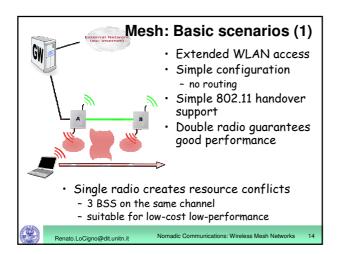


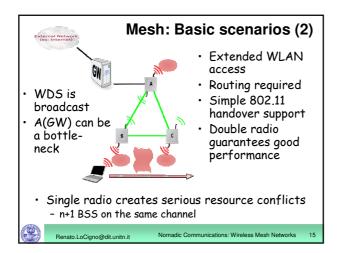
Mesh project & sites

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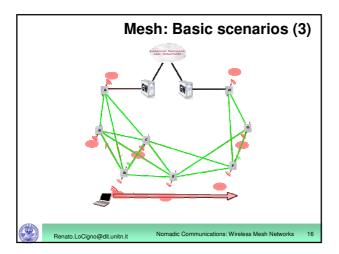
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- Community Networks & around
 - Seattle Wireless (http://www.seattlewireless.net/)
 - Roofnet at MIT (http://pdos.csail.mit.edu/roofnet/)
 - TFA at Rice (http://tfa.rice.edu)
 - Tuscolo Mesh (http://tuscolomesh.ninux.org/joomla)
 Georgia Tech
 - (http://www.ece.gatech.edu/research/labs/bwn/mesh /index.html)
 - Pergine Valsugana
 - ...
 Trentino Networks

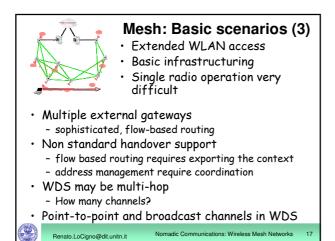


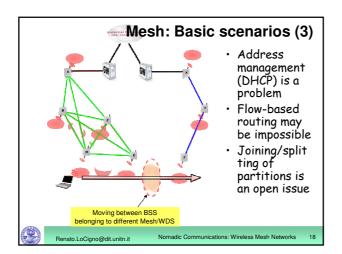














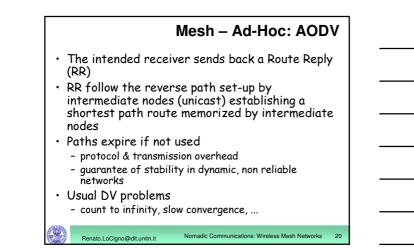
Mesh – Ad-Hoc: AODV

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- Ad-hoc On-demand Distance Vector routing rfc3561
- DV (see RIP) protocol for next-hop based routing
- On-Demand: maintains routes only for nodes that are communicating
- Must build routes when requested
- Route Request (RREQ) are flooded through the network
- Nodes set-up reverse path pointers to the source
 - AODV assumes symmetric links

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Mesh – Ad-Hoc: AODV

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- Next-hop based (other proposals are based on source routing)
- "Flat" protocol: all nodes are equal
- Can manage only one route per s-d pair
- can be inefficient in presence of highly variable link quality and persistence
- Good for sporadic communications
- Bad for high mobility

- slow convergence
 - difficulty in understanding topology changes.

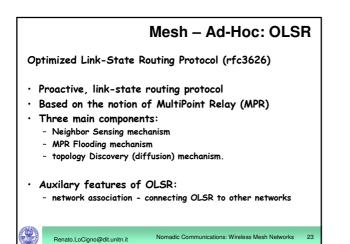
Mesh – Ad-Hoc: AOMDV

Ad-Hoc On-demand Multipath Distance Vector Routing in Ad Hoc Networks

- An extension to AODV
- AOMDV computes multiple loop-free and link-disjoint paths
- Using "Advertised Hop-count" guarantees Loop-freedom
 - A variable, which is defined as the maximum hop count for all the paths. A node only accepts an alternate path to the destination if it has a lower hop count than the advertised hop count for that destination
- Link-disjointness of multiple paths is achieved by using a particular property of flooding
 - Performance comparison of AOMDV with AODV shows that
 - AOMDV improves the end-to-end delay, often more than a factor of two

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+ AOMDV reduces routing overheads by about 20%



Mesh – Ad-Hoc: OLSR

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Basic neighbor sensing:

- periodic exchange of HELLO messages;
- HELLO messages list neighbors + "neighbor quality"
 - HEARD link may be asymmetric
 - SYM link is confirmed to be symmetric
 - MPR link is confirmed to be symmetric AND neighbor selected as MPR
- Providing:
 - topology information up to two hops
 - MPR selector information notification

Mesh – Ad-Hoc: OLSR Gach node selects from among its neighbors an MPR set such that an emitted flooding message, relayed by the MPR nodes, can be received by all nodes in the 2-hop neighborhood educe flooding overhead (select minimal sets) provide optimal flooding distances

Mesh – Ad-Hoc: OLSR Exchanges topology information with other nodes of the network regularly MPRs announce their status periodically in control messages. In route calculation, the MPRs are used to form the route from a given node to any destination in the network Uses MPRs to facilitate efficient flooding of control messages

Mesh Networks: 802.11s

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• Working group to deliver a standard for 802.11(& around) base Mesh Networks

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- Interactions with 802.11p dedicated to vehicular networks
- Tries to define a framework to support a Mesh network as a standard extended WLAN with routing that goes beyond the standard minimum spanning tree of 802.1 interconnection

Device Classes in 802.11s

- Mesh Point (MP)
 - a point able to relay messages
- Mesh AP (MAP)
- a MP able to provide services to STAs
- Mesh Portal (MPP)

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- a MAP connected to a wired LAN
- normally called a gateway and assumed to access the internet

Routing in 802.11s

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- Hybrid Wireless Mesh Protocol (HWMP) -Mandatory
 - AODV derived link-state protocol
 - Based on trees for proaction and efficiency
 - Add on-demand features (like AODV)
- Radio Aware OLSR (RA-OLSR) Optional
 - Radio aware metrics added to MPRs in OLSR
 - optional fish-eye routing capabilities
 - association and discovery protocols for topology discovery and buildup